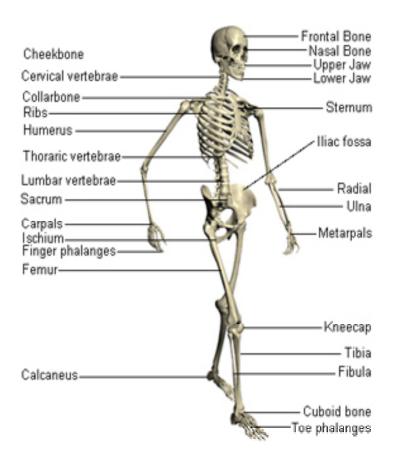
## The Skeletal System



#### **Functions of Skeleton System**

Skeletal system provides a structure for the body. It includes a vertebrae of spine and supports upper body and head.

#### **Types of Bones**

**Small bones**-includes bones in legs and arms

<u>Short bones</u>-bones in wrist and ankles <u>Flat bones</u>-In skull and protect organs like the rib cage

<u>Irregular bones</u>-facial bones or vertebrae bones

### Joints



#### **Joints**

Joints are the point were bones meet.

#### **Types of Joints**

- **Ball-and-socket joints** formed when a rounded head of one bone fits into the rounded cavity of an jointed bone.
- <u>Hinge joints</u>-would include elbow, knee, ankle, and fingers. Allows bone to bend and straighten
- <u>Pivot joints</u>- allow limited rotation or turning of the head
- <u>Ellipsoidal joints</u>- bone in wrist, and a oval shaped part that fits in a curved space, the joints slide over each other

### Care and Problems of the Skeleton System

#### **Care of the Skeletal System**

Ways to care for the Skeletal system is to eat foods that contain calcium, vitamin D, and phosphorus, they can help prevent the development of certain skeletal disorders.

#### **Problems of the Skeletal System**

Problems of the skeletal system can be a result of poor nutrition, infections, sports, and recreational injuries and poor posture. Osteoporosis and dislocation of the joints are also other problems of the Skeletal System.

#### Vocabulary

- Osteoporosis is a condition in which progressive loss of bone tissue occurs
- Scoliosis a lateral, or side-to-side, curvature of the spine
- <u>Repetitive motion injury</u>- is a damage to tissues caused by prolonged, repeated movements such as computer work

# Injuries to Joints and Bones

#### **Fractures**

<u>Hairline fractures</u>- is were the fracture incomplete

<u>Transverse fracture</u>- a fracture that is completely across the bone

<u>Comminuted fracture</u>- is were the bone shatters into more than two pieces.

#### **Joints**

<u>Dislocation</u>- is when the ligaments attached to the bone are torn or out of place

<u>Torn cartilage</u>- is a sharp blow or twisting of the joint

<u>Arthritis</u>- inflammation of the joint and is a result of natural wear and tear



Study Guide Lesson 2